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A method for producing mutant polynucleotides comprising:

producing polynucleotides by blocking or interrupting a polynucleotide

synthesis or amplification process with a member selected from the group consisting of UV light, one or more DNA adducts, DNA intercalating agents, DNA binding proteins, triple helix forming agents, competing transcription polymerase, chain terminators, and polymerase inhibitors or poisons, said member being capable of blocking or interrupting synthesis or amplification of a polynucleotide to provide a plurality of polynucleotides due to said polynucleotides being in various stages of synthesis or amplification, and

subjecting said polynucleotides to an amplification procedure to amplify one or more of the polynucleotide or polynucleotides.

A process for producing mutant polynucleotides by a series of steps comprising:

- (a) producing oligonucleotides by blocking or interrupting a polynucleotide synthesis or amplification process with at least one member selected from the group consisting of UV light, one or more DNA adducts, DNA intercalating agents, chain terminators, and/or polymerase inhibitors or poisons, wherein said member is capable of blocking or interrupting polynucleotide synthesis or amplification and provide a plurality of polynucleotides due to their being in various stages of synthesis of amplification.
- 20 (b) denaturing the resulting single or double stranded oligonucleotides to produce a mixture of single-stranded polynucleotides, optionally separating the polynucleotides into polls of polynucleotides having various lengths, and futher optionally subjecting said polynucleotides to a priming and amplification procedure to amplify one or more oligonucleotides comprised by at least one of the polynucleotide pools;
 - (c) incubating a plurality of said polynucleotides or at least one pool of said polynucleotides with a polymerase under conditions which result in annealing of

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said single-stranded polynucleotides at regions of identity between the single-stranded polynucleotides and formation of mutagenized double stranded polynucleotide chian:

- (d) repeating steps (c) and (d);
- (e) expressing at least one mutant polypeptide from said polynucleotide chain.
- or chains; and 5
 - (f) screening said at least one mutant polypeptide for a useful activity.
- A process according to claim 2, wherein said adduct is member selected from 3. the group consisting of: UV light; (+)-CC-1065; (+)-CC-1065-(N3-Adenine); a Nacelylated or deacetylated 4'-fluro 4-aminobiphenyl adduct capable of inhibiting DNA synthesis, or a N-acetylated or deacetylated 4-aminobiphenyl adduct capable of inhibiting DNA synthesis; trivalent chromium; a trivalent chromium salt; a polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon ("PAH") DNA adduct capable of inhibiting DNA replication; 7bromomethyl-benz[a]anthracene ("BMA"); tris(2,3-dibromopropyl)phosphate ("Tris-BP"); 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane ("DBCP"); 2-bromoacrolein (2BA); benzo[a]pyrene-7,8-dihydrodiol-9-10-epoxide ("BPDE");\a platinum(II) halogen salt; N-hydroxy-2-15 amino-3-methylimidazo[4,5-f]-quinoline; N-hydroxy-2-amino-1-methyl-6phenylimidazo[4,5-f]-pyridine, DNA intercalating agents, DNA binding proteins, triple helix forming agents, competing transcription polymerases, chain terminators, and polymerase inhibitors or poisons.
- 20 4. A process according to claim 2, wherein said DNA adduct is a member selected from the group consisting of UV light, (+)-CC-1065 and (+)-CC-1065-(N3-Adenine).
 - 5. A process according to claim 4, further comprising heating said polynucleotides and removing the DNA adduct, or adducts from said polynucleotide or polynucleotide pools.



6. A method for expressing a polypeptide comprising producing a polynucleotide according to claim 2 and comprising the further steps of cloning said polynucleotide into a vector or an expression vehicle and expressing said polypeptide.

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- 7. A vector or an expression vehicle including a polynucleotide produced according to claim 2.
 - 8. A polypeptide comprising at least one sequence segment expressed from a polynucleotide produced by the method according to claim 2.

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